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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/701,065 02/12/2001		Fabrice Geiger	2013/TCG?PMD/LE	7160	
75	590 12/26/2002				
Michael A Bernadicou Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman 7th Floor			EXAMINER		
			DUDA, KATHLEEN		
12400 Wilshire Los Angeles, C			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			. 1756	^	
			DATE MAILED: 12/26/2002	9	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



*		A			AS			
Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		09/701,065		GEIGER ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Kathleen Duda		1756	<del>.</del>			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status								
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21	November 2002 .						
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-fi	nal.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims								
<u> </u>	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application	n						
1,23	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>12-15</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 16-27</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	eply to this Office act	ion.					
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been rece	ived.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) 🗌 A	acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	tic priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional a	application).			
15) 🗌 🗸	) $\square$ The translation of the foreign language pracknowledgment is made of a claim for domes				,			
Attachmen	•	_						
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)		r (PTO-413) Paper No(s Patent Application (PTO				
J.S. Patent and T PTO-326 (Re		ction Summary		Part of	Paper No. 9			





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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election of Group I, claims 1-11 and 16-27 in Paper No. 8 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).
- 2. Claims 12-15 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in Paper No. 8.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in-

(2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed

<sup>(1)</sup> an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or



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filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

4. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cheung (US Patent 6,287,990).

Cheung teaches a method and apparatus for depositing an oxide film.

Figure 2 (description starting at column 7, line 18) depicts an apparatus which comprises a gas distribution manifold <u>11</u>; wafer holder <u>12</u>; system controller <u>34</u> with software; gas mixing system <u>19</u> and reactor <u>10</u> which includes heating elements.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-10 and 16-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsai (US Patent 5,930,644) in view of Oh (US Patent 6,372,606).

Tsai teaches a process of forming trenches. Figure 33 depicts the method. First, trenches <u>22</u> are formed in a conventional manner using a photoresist mask to etch. It is taught that the wafer is then cleaned



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(column 3, lines 24-25). Figure 4 shows the refilling of the trenches with an oxide. Column 3, lines 26-44, teach an oxide formed with ozone and TEOS which is preferably deposited at 400 to 480°C. It is taught that the layer is heated to densify it.

Tsai does not teach the use of an ARC layer in the formation of a trench filled with an oxide formed using ozone and TEOS. This is taught by Oh.

Oh teaches the formation of trenches. Figures 2A-2C depict the process. An ARC <u>108</u>is formed followed by a photoresist pattern <u>110</u> which is used as an etching mask. The substrate is etched to form the trench <u>114</u>. It is taught that the trench is then filled with oxide. Column 4, lines 22-31 teach forming the oxide using ozone and TEOS.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have filled trenches with an oxide formed using ozone and TEOS because Tsai teaches the conventionality of forming an oxide layer using ozone and TEOS at temperatures recited in the claims while Oh teaches the conventionality of using an ARC in the formation process to improve the resolution of the photoresist pattern used as the etching mask.





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# Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Examiner K. Duda at (703) 308-2292. Official after final FAX communications should be sent to (703) 872-9311, all other official FAX communications should be sent to (703) 872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the receptionist at (703) 308-0661.

Kathleen Duda Primary Examiner Art Unit 1756